COLLEGE OF NATURAL AND APPLIED SCIENCES COMPUTER SCIENCE AND COMPUTER INFORMATION SYSTEMS (CS/CIS) BACHELOR OF ARTS IN COMPUTER SCIENCE BACHELOR OF ARTS IN COMPUTER INFORMATION SYSTEMS MINOR IN COMPUTER SCIENCE MINOR IN COMPUTER INFORMATION SYSTEMS THREE FULL TIME FACULTY MEMBERS

THREE FULL-TIME FACULTY MEMBERS						
CS/CIS CURRICULAR MAPPINGS (CMs)						
DEFINED GE CS/CIS SLOs	NED GE CS/CIS SLOs CS/CIS PROGRAM SLOs					
CS GE-1: Describe the major components of all modern computer systems.	 CS/CIS PR-1: (GE) Demonstrate competence with Windows and basic MS Office applications especially MS WORD, EXCEL, and PowerPoint. CS/CIS PR-2: Demonstrate technical competence* in Programming: Analyze problems and create algorithm/heuristic solutions. 					
CS GE-2: Using MS Word, create a well-formatted research paper with outline, embedded table, graphic	 Develop these using computer-programming methodologies in several programming languages. CS/CIS PR-3: Demonstrate technical competence in Systems. Identify and analyze system requirements, criteria and specifications. 					
illustration, and references. CS GE-3: Using MS Excel, create a well-formatted spreadsheet To calculate a cash-flow student budget.	 Design and implement human sensitive/compatible computer based systems using appropriate tools, methods and techniques. Effectively manage, organize, and retrieve all forms of information. Evaluate system design solutions and their risks. CS/CIS PR-4: Demonstrate technical competence in Databases. 					
CS GE-4: Using PS PowerPoint, create a well-formatted presentation corresponding to the outline for the above research paper.	 Be able to design and implement a functional database. CS/CIS PR-5: Demonstrate technical competence in Networks. Be able to design, install, administer, and maintain a computer network. Be able to setup, install, and use two different operating systems and be able to program client-server applications for them. 					

CS GE-5: Using HTML, create well-formatted, linked webpages.

*Technical Competence means to be able to design, implement (build/code, test, debug), communicate effectively (in written, oral, and numerical forms), individually, and as part of a team.

CS/CIS PR-6: Develop socially, professionally, and ethically utilize these technical skills to construct robust, secure, beneficial (commercial,

educational, social) systems i.e. NO Spam, Phishing, Hacking, Deceptive, Fraudulent, Criminal, or Terroristic systems.

CS/CIS GE CURRICULAR MAPPING					CS/CIS DEGREE PROGRAM CURRICULAR MAPPING							
COURSE LINK TO GE SCIENCE SLOs ¹				COURSE LINK TO PROGRAM SLOs ¹								
NO.	CS GE-1	CS GE-2	CS GE-3	CS GE-4	CS GE-5	NO.	CS/CIS-1	CS-CIS-2	CS/CIS-3	CS/CIS-4	CS/CIS-5	CSCIS-6
CS*200	1	2	3	4	5	CS*200	12345					
						CS*201		12345				
						CS*202		12345				
						CS*305		123				
						CS*315				12345		
						CS*360			12345			
						CS*365			12345			
						CS*370		12345				
						CS*380		12345				
						CS*403					1234	
						CS*410		12345				
		1				CS*431		12345	12345	12345	12345	12345
						CS*492					12345	

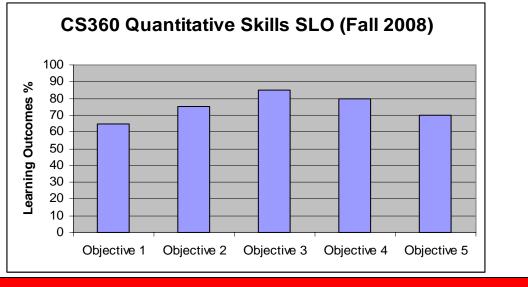
¹The numbers are course SLO numbers that link the course to the program SLO (See UOG/CNAS/CNAS Assessment Website for detailed descriptions of these course SLOs by visiting: http://www.uog.edu/dynamicdata/CNASAssessment.aspx?siteid=2&p=20);

CS/CIS PROGRAM ASSESSMENTS

ASSESSMENT ACTIVITY	ASSESSMENT RESULTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PROGRAM IMPROVEMENTS
PROGRAM-LEVEL ASSESSMENT (See page 2 for details):	See page 2 for the details on the assessment results and recommendations.
Assessment for CS315 (Database Management Systems) by Dr. Fenglien Lee in Spring 2007 and Spring 2008 (Dr. Lee designed one set of quantitative skill assessment rubrics to measure the SLO on the four objectives given on page 2).	
Dr. Lee conducted the assessment for CS360 (Operating	From the assessment results, we found that:
Systems) in Fall 2008. Students finished several labs on MS DOS	1. Most students were able to reach all five objectives successfully.
and Unix, and twelve labs on Microsoft Windows XP to learn	2. For objective 1, Dr. Lee needed to use a simple modern operating system, such as Linux, to explain the
fundamental skills on operating systems. By the end of semester,	process management concepts completely; and let students to do more hand-on labs in process
students also finished a research project on a modern operating	management.
system. Below are the learning objectives for him to assess the	3. For objective 5, Dr. Lee gave a brief introduction on how an operating system handles the network and
SLO in this course:	security management. Students will learn more skills on this issue in CS403 (Data Communication and
1. Be able to describe the structures and functions on process	Networking).
management for a modern operating system.	
2. Be able to describe the structures and functions on memory	Below are the graphical assessment results for the five objectives for CS360 in Fall 2008:

- management for a modern operating system.
- 3. Be able to describe the structures and functions on file management for a modern operating system.
- 4. Be able to describe the structures and functions on input/output devices management for a modern operating system.
- 5. Be able to describe the structures and functions on network and security management for a modern operating system.

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CS/CIS ASSESSMENT OF ONE PROGRAM SLO USING ONE DIRECT MEASURE OF ASSESSMENT WITH RECOMMENDATION FOR PROGRAM IMPROVEMENT

From the assessment results, we found that: CS/CIS PR-4: Demonstrate technical competence in Databases. 1. Most students are able to reach all four objectives successfully Be able to design and implement a functional database. 2. For objective 2, most students understood both theoretical and ٠ practical aspects on table normalization 3. For objective 4, most students knew how to develop database To assess the above CS/CIS program SLO, Dr. Lee conducted the assessment for CS315 (Database Management Systems) in both Spring management and user training skills 2007 and Spring 2008. Students used the same Microsoft Access system 4. The SLOs in Spring 2008 have about 5% improvement from to design a simple business relational database. In Spring 2008, he spent Spring 2007 even the class size of S08 is double of S07. more time on teaching both theoretical and practical aspects on table normalization. He also gave students more time on developing database management and user training skills. He used the same set of assessment rubrics and objectives to check the student learning outcomes (SLO). Below are the graphical assessment results for the four objectives in Spring 2007 and Spring 2008. **Objectives for Relational Database Design:** 1. Data collection, organization and understanding; **CS315 Skills Assessment Results** 2. Using collected data to create and normalize tables; Learning Outcomes % $100 \\ 90 \\ 70 \\ 60 \\ 50 \\ 40 \\ 30 \\ 20 \\ 10 \\ 0$ Using normalized tables to create, implement and test the database; 3. Spring 07 4. Database management and customer training. ■ Spring 08

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Learning Objectives

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